



GM Policy:	<u>Tonsillectomy</u>			
GM Ref:	GM028	Current version:	3.2 (28 January 2019)	
GM EUR Team:	0161 212 6250 / gmifr.gmcsu@nhs.net			
Policy exclusions (Alternative commissioning arrangements apply)				
<u>NOTE:</u> This policy does not apply to possible malignant disease of the tonsils which should be managed via the two week pathway.				
For adults (>16 years), tonsillectomy for obstructive sleep apnoea will require consideration via the Individual Funding Request (IFR) exceptionality route until such time as an adult sleep apnoea policy is in place.				
Treatment/procedures undertaken as part of an externally funded trial or as a part of locally agreed contracts / or pathways of care are excluded from this policy, i.e. locally agreed pathways take precedent over this policy (the EUR Team should be informed of any local pathway for this exclusion to take effect).				
Policy inclusion criteria				
Commissioned				
See High Value Care Pathway section 1.1 Pathway for children (<16 years) with obstructive sleep disordered breathing: <u>ENT UK Tonsillectomy revised commissioning guide 2016</u>				
 AND The episodes of sore throat are disabling and prevent normal functioning. AND Where there is a history of: Seven or more well documented, clinically significant, adequately treated sore throats in the preceding year OR 				
 Five or more such episodes in each of the preceding two years OR 				
 Three or more such episodes in each of the preceding three years 				
	 OR A second episode of Quinsy, irrespective of the timescale. 			
Tonsillectomy for snoring a	and sleep apnoea in childre	n		
See High Value Care Path disordered breathing: ENT U			ears) with obstructive sleep <u>6</u>	
 Do <u>not</u> refer children with simple snoring without symptoms or signs of apnoea as they are unlikely to benefit from adeno-tonsillectomy. 				
 Consider allergy testing and appropriate treatment. 				
 In older children >6 years with mild/moderate symptoms of obstructive sleep disordered breathing consider a trial of nasal saline irrigation and/or intranasal steroids for 6-8 weeks. 				
 Refer for a specialist opinion if there are ongoing concerns about obstructive sleep disordered breathing. 				
Tonsillectomy Summary Doc 1 of 2				



in Greater Manchester

If the request is for surgery to treat apnoea and is from secondary care a statement that the following been undertaken should be included:

- A reassessment of the patient's clinical history and examination and if available (to the requesting clinician) a recording of the child's sleep.
- Evidence that a discussion of management options has taken place with the patient / family using shared decision making strategies and tools where appropriate, including surgery where there is a clear diagnosis of obstructive sleep apnoea.
- Evidence that there has been a follow-up period of children with moderate signs and symptoms prior to a decision of surgery with (if indicated) the results of overnight pulse oximetry, ideally at home or in selected cases an overnight polysomnogram to determine further management (where the diagnosis is less certain).

NOTE: Children with suspected severe apnoea need urgent specialist assessment.

Funding Mechanism: Monitored approval: Referrals may be made in line with the criteria without seeking funding. **NOTE:** May be the subject of contract challenges and/or audit of cases against commissioned criteria.

<u>If the patient does not meet the criteria:</u> an individual funding request can be made if there is a good case for clinical exceptionality. Requests should be submitted with all relevant supporting evidence, which <u>must</u> be provided with the request.

Not commissioned

Tonsillectomy is <u>not</u> commissioned for tonsillar crypts / stones: conservative management is the treatment of choice.

Funding Mechanism: Clinicians can submit an individual funding request outside of this guidance if they feel there is a good case for clinical exceptionality. Requests on the grounds of exceptionality should be submitted with all relevant supporting evidence, which <u>must</u> be provided with the request.

Clinical Exceptionality:	Clinicians can submit an Individual Funding Request (IFR) outside of this guidance if they feel there is a good case for exceptionality.	
Fitness for Surgery:	The clinician making the request <u>must</u> confirm that in their opinion the patient is fit for the surgery requested.	
Best Practice Guidelines:	All providers are expected to follow best practice guidelines (where available) in the management of these conditions.	